Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework

Demonstrating the economic, environmental and social sustainability of Australian agriculture



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government

Why these terms? Why this structure?

This framework builds on significant work already underway, reflecting the rapidly maturing sustainability schemes already operating in Australia and globally, and mapping existing industry-level sustainability goals into a catalogue of overarching sustainability principles and criteria for the Australian agricultural industry.

By developing a common set of sustainability principles for the agricultural sector that can be used over time to align sectoral and supply chain language towards a common understanding of sustainability deliverables, the AASF communicates the overall status of Australian agricultural sustainability. This two-way lens helps stakeholders in supply chains, finance and the community to understand the priorities of Australian producers, and helps producers identify where their sustainability focus can be directed.

To reflect the different needs of heterogeneous stakeholders, this framework uses an ESG (Environmental, Social & Governance reporting) structure and sustainability framework language to direct users to material principles and criteria. Just some of the many frameworks, schemes and programs which have been considered are noted here, including the Sustainability Assessment of Food and Agriculture systems (SAFA), Sustainable Development Goals (SDG), Global Farm Metric, Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD), Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD), Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) and Sustainable Agriculture Initiative, as well as Australian farm industry sustainability frameworks. The following pages demonstrate how the AASF principles align with many of the existing Australian and international sustainability initiatives.









eration



Australian Government



National Farmers Federation Framework



Australian Government

GREENHOUSE GASES & AIR







P17. Supply chain accountability ensures a level playing field & the elimination of unconscion-P16. able conduct Industry ILIENCE participants

3

OMI

behave ethically

& lawfully

P14.

Biosecurity threats

are assessed, mitigated

& effectively managed in

systems of continuous

improvement

P15.

Resilience

is protected

& enhanced

mitigation &

of risks

management

by assessment,



Net anthropogenic* GHG emissions are limited to minimise climate change

P2.

Adverse impacts to air quality are avoided or minimised

ENVIRONMENTAL STEWARDSHIP

Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework

Demonstrating the economic, environmental and social sustainability of Australian agriculture

PEOPLE, ANIMALS & COMMUNITY

P12. Farmed animals are given the best care for whole of life

P11. Discrimination is not tolerated in an inclusive industrv

P10.

Fair access to a decent livelihood is provided within

SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION ANIMAL WELLBEING RIGHTS, EQUITY & DIVERSITY LIVELIHOODS HUMAN HEALTH, SAFETY & WELLBEING

Or scroll through for all Themes. Principles and Criteria

P13.

Society

benefits from

the agricultural

industry's positive

contribution



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework

SOIL & LANDSCAPES

P3. Soil health & functionality are protected & enhanced

P4.

Landscape degradation is avoided or minimised

P5.

BIODINERSITN Biodiverse ecological communities are protected & enhanced

P6.

Water resources are used responsibly & equitably

WATER

P7₆

MA7EA445 Finite resources are safeguarded in circular economic systems

the industry

P9. Safe working environments are provided for employees

P8.

Agricultural outputs are safe & beneficial

Australian Government

THEME	CATEGORY	PRINCIPLE	
	Greenhouse Gases & Air	P1. Net anthropogenic* GHG emissions are limited to minimise climate change	C1. GHG emissions are reduced throu
			C2. Carbon emissions are sequester
			C3. Where necessary (if C1 & C2 are purchasing recognised credits or par
SH		P2. Adverse impacts to air quality are avoided or minimised	C4. Plant, equipment and machinery
S			C5. Activities which generate particu
NTAL STEWARDSHIP	Soil & Landscapes	P3. Soil health and functionality are protected and enhanced	C6. Soils are managed to provide eco
		P4. Landscape degradation is avoided or minimised	C7. Land under productive agricultur
N L			C8. Natural waterways are preserved
ΓA	Biodiversity	P5. Biodiverse ecological communities are protected and enhanced	C9. Farms support a diverse range o
			C10. Farm-related ecosystems are fu
Σ	Water	P6. Water resources are used responsibly and equitably	C11. Water is used efficiently in agric
ENVIRONME			C12. Adverse impacts to surface wat
	Materials & Resources	P7. Finite resources are safeguarded in circular economic systems	C13. The use of inputs and resources
			C14. Renewable sources of inputs ar
			C15. Residues, by-products and was

* 'Anthropogenic' meaning that which originates from human activity – e.g., emissions from farmed livestock are under human management



* return to framework

CRITERIA

- bughout production lifecycle
- red wherever possible throughout production lifecycle
- impractical), GHG emissions are offset throughout lifecycle by articipating in recognised projects
- y are appropriately maintained and operated to maximise efficiency
- ulate matter are conducted within regulatory guidelines
- cosystem services, including sustainable agricultural production
- ural management delivers beneficial environmental services
- ed and improved
- of beneficial flora and fauna species
- functioning and thriving
- icultural systems
- ter and groundwater quality are prevented
- es that cannot be reused or recycled is minimised
- re prioritised
- ste are reused or recycled



Australian Government



AASF – P1. Net anthropogenic GHG emissions are limited to minimise climate change

AASF criteria for this principle:

C1. GHG emissions are reduced throughout lifecycle

C2. Carbon emissions are sequestered wherever possible throughout production lifecycle

C3. Where necessary (if C1 & C2 are impractical), GHG emissions are offset throughout lifecycle by purchasing recognised credits or participating in recognised projects

AgCarE	Carbon Results
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 6.1: Manage climat
Behind Australian Grain	Priority Area: Carbon Footprint
Cotton MyBMP	Sustainable Natural Landscape across the whole of farm
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 4, Goal 10: Reduc
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.1 Emissions: This topic ozone-depleting substances (O other significant air emissions
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	R.13: Horticultural plants captu
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.2.1: GHG - Reduce a
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Climate Change mitigation & ad
Montreal Process	Criterion 5: Maintenance of For
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 3: Biomaterial shall co lifecycle GHG emissions as com
SAFA (FAO)	E1: The enterprise's actions cor quantities of ozone-depleting s health of ecosystems, plants, a
Sheep Sustainability Framework	3.2: Environment - Responsible greenhouse gas emissions
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle: Climate - An agricultu as a significant greenhouse gas resiliency of farmers and farmin
UN SDG 13 – Climate Action	Take urgent action to combat o

GREENHOUSE GASES & AIR

return to framework

e change risk

- Minimise the industry's carbon footprint
- Carbon sequestration and emissions are considered and managed
- e GHG emissions intensity
- addresses emissions into air, including greenhouse gas (GHG), DS), and nitrogen oxides (NOX) and sulfur oxides (SOX), among
- re carbon; production systems minimise greenhouse gas emissions
- nthropogenic GHG emissions
- aptation
- est Contributions to Global Carbon Cycles
- ontribute to climate change mitigation by significantly reducing npared to fossil fuels
- ntain greenhouse gases to the extent possible and do not release substances and air pollutants that would be detrimental to the inimals or humans
- environmental practices; 4.1: Climate Change Reduce net
- ural sector that minimises greenhouse gases and air pollution, acts sink, enables adaptations to a changing climate and supports the ng communities
- limate change & its impacts



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P2. Adverse impacts to air quality are avoided or minimised

AASF criteria for this principle:

C4. Plant, equipment and machinery are appropriately maintained and operated to maximise efficiency

C5. Activities which generate particulate matter are conducted within regulatory guidelines

Australian Government Regulation	National Clean Air Agreement; P Rules 2017; National Environmer Protection (National Pollutant In standards
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.1 Emissions: This topic ozone-depleting substances (OD other significant air emissions
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.2.4: Air - Promote go
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 10: Air pollution from b along the supply chain
SAFA (FAO)	E1: The enterprise's actions cont quantities of ozone-depleting su health of ecosystems, plants, ar
Sheep Sustainability Framework	3.2: Environment - Responsible
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle: Climate - An agricultu as a significant greenhouse gas resiliency of farmers and farmin
State-based Environmental Protection Authorities	Example - NSW EPA

GREENHOUSE GASES & AIR

Product Emissions Standards Act 2017; Product Emissions Standards nt Protection (Ambient Air Quality) Measure; National Environment nventory) Measure; Fuel Quality Standards Act 2000 and fuel quality

addresses emissions into air, including greenhouse gas (GHG), DS), and nitrogen oxides (NOX) and sulfur oxides (SOX), among

ood air quality

biomaterial feedstock production operations shall be minimized

ntain greenhouse gases to the extent possible and do not release substances and air pollutants that would be detrimental to the nimals or humans

environmental practices

ural sector that minimises greenhouse gases and air pollution, acts sink, enables adaptations to a changing climate and supports the ng communities

* return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P3. Soil health and functionality are protected and enhanced

AASF criteria for this principle:

C6. Soils are managed to provide ecosystem services, including sustainable agricultural production

AgCarE	Soil health
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 5.1 "Minimise nutri
Australian Certified Organic	4.1 Soil fertility and health man
Behind Australian Grain	Priority Area: Soil Health – "Pro
Cotton MyBMP	Soil health: Soil structure is ass managed, crop nutrient require
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 4, Goal 8: "Improv
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.5 Soil Health: Impacts salinisation, and waterlogging
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	R.6: Soil health and productive
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.2.3: Soil - Protect so
Montreal Process	Criterion 4: Conservation & Mair
National Soil Strategy	Objectives: "Prioritise soil healtl & capability"
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 8: Biomaterials feedstored reverse soil degradation and/or
Smartcane BMP	Module 1 - Soil health & Nutrien
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Land & Soil: An agricu characteristics of the terrain, m benefits to the surrounding env sink
UN SDG 15 – Life on Land	Protect, restore & promote sust combat desertification, & halt &

SOIL & LANDSCAPE

return to framework

rient & sediment loss"

nagement (e.g., 4.1.3; 4.1.8; 4.1.10-12)

pactively improve the health of our soils"

ssessed, maintained and improved, Erosion risks are monitored and ements are managed efficiently and effectively

ve land management"

on soil health, including soil erosion, reduction in soil fertility,

capacity is maintained or improved

oil quality & productivity

ntenance of Soil & Water, Indicator 4.2 Soil

th, Empower soil innovation & stewards, Strengthen soil knowledge

tock production operations shall implement practices that seek to r maintain soil health

nt Management

ultural sector that ensures land use is appropriate given the maintains soil fertility and health, prevents damage and provides vironment, and ensures the land acts a significant greenhouse gas

tainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, & reverse land degradation & halt biodiversity loss



<u>Natio</u>nal

armers

Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P4. Landscape degradation is avoided or minimised

AASF criteria for this principle:

C7. Land under productive agricultural management delivers beneficial environmental services

C8. Natural waterways are preserved and improved

AgCarE	Formal vegetation/biodiversity
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 5.2 Balance of tree
Behind Australian Grain	Priority Area: Conservation – "Ir
Cotton MyBMP	Sustainable Cotton Landscapes maintain groundcover, maintain
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 4, Goal 8: "Improv
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.4 Natural ecosystem conversion, including impacts ro degradation or introduction of r change in natural ecosystems
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	R.5: Best practice land manager
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Environment: Issue 4 - Protecti habitats
Montreal Process	Criterion 1: Conservation of Biol Maintenance of Forest Ecosyste
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 7: Biomaterial feedsto biodiversity, ecosystems, and c
SAFA (FAO)	E3: No land is lost due to surfactive for the surfaction of the su
Sheep Sustainability Framework	3.1: Environment - Improve natu
Smartcane BMP	Module 6 – Natural Systems Ma
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Land & Soil: An agricu characteristics of the terrain, m benefits to the surrounding env sink
Sustainable Winegrowing Australia	Priority: Landcare & biodiversity
UN SDG 15 – Life on Land	Protect, restore & promote sust combat desertification, & halt &

SOIL & LANDSCAPE

return to framework

assessment

e and grass cover"

Increase biodiversity & stewardship on farms"

es & Communities: natural resources are identified & recorded, In or improve native vegetation connectivity in cotton landscapes, etc

ove land management"

conversion: This topic covers impacts related to natural ecosystem related to discrete incidents of land clearance as well as severe management practices that lead to substantial and sustained

ement is used in horticultural production

tion of the Environment, Biodiversity and restoration of natural

ological Diversity (indicator 1.1.c Fragmentation of Forests); Criteria 3: cem Health & Vitality

ock production and operations shall avoid negative impacts on conservation values

ace sealing or mismanagement of arable lands and pastures, and soil nced

tural resource management

National

armers

lanagement

ultural sector that ensures land use is appropriate given the maintains soil fertility and health, prevents damage and provides wironment, and ensures the land acts a significant greenhouse gas

stainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, & reverse land degradation & halt biodiversity loss



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P5. Biodiverse ecological communities are protected and enhanced

AASF criteria for this principle:

C9. Farms support a diverse range of beneficial flora and fauna species

C10. Farm-related ecosystems are functioning and thriving

AgCarE	Formal vegetation/biodiversity
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 5.2 "Balance of tr
Australian Certified Organic	4.6.1 Management, protection a organic farming operations sha
Behind Australian Grain	Priority Area: Conservation– "Ir
Cotton MyBMP	Sustainable Natural Landscape in the cotton landscapes
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 4, Goal 8: "Impro
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.3 Biodiversity: This top species, and genetic diversity
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	R.9: Biodiversity is managed su
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.2.5: Biodiversity - P
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Issue: Protection of the Enviro
Montreal Process	Criterion 1: Conservation of bio Diversity, 1.3 Genetic Diversity
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 7: Biomaterial feedsto biodiversity, ecosystems, and o
Sheep Sustainability Framework	3.3: Environment - Encourage l
Smartcane BMP	Module 6 – Natural Systems M
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Nature: "An agricultu area as well as surrounding ec of genetic material (commercia
Sustainable Winegrowing Australia	Priority: Biodiversity
UN SDG 15 – Life on Land	Protect, restore & promote sus forests, combat desertification

BIODIVERSITY

return to framework

assessment

ree & grass cover"

and enhancement of biodiversity and environmental aspects on all be a priority of certified operators

Increase biodiversity stewardship on farms"

e, Maintain and improve the diversity of native plants and animals

ove land management"

ppic covers impacts on biodiversity, including on plant and animal

ustainably

Promote positive & reduce negative impacts on biodiversity

onment, biodiversity & restoration of natural habitats"

ological Diversity, Indicators 1.1 Ecosystem diversity, 1.2 Species

cock production and operations shall avoid negative impacts on conservation values

biodiversity

Management

ural sector that maintains and enhances the biodiversity of the cosystems, promotes the health of pollinators, ensures diversity ial and wild) and hinders invasive species"

stainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage n, & halt & reverse land degradation & halt biodiversity loss



National

armers

Australian Agricultura Sustainabili N Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P6. Water resources are used responsibly and equitably

AASF criteria for this principle:

C11. Water is used efficiently in agricultural systems

C12. Adverse impacts to surface water and groundwater quality are prevented

return to framework

WATER

AgCarE	Water quality & management
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 6.3 Efficient use of
Behind Australian Grain	Priority Area: Water Use– Impro
Cotton MyBMP	Water Management: Information irrigation decisions, Information Practices are used for efficient
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 4, Goal 9: Increase
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.7 Water and effluents: freshwater is essential for huma consumed by an organization ar and people
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	R.1: Reliable, viable access to su allocated water to optimise pro efficient water use
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.2.2: Water - Conserv
Montreal Process	Criterion 4, Conservation & Mair
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 9: Biomaterial feedstoo quantity of surface and ground rights
SAFA (FAO)	E2: Freshwater withdrawal and do not contribute to water pollu communities
Smartcane BMP	Module 2 - Irrigation & Drainage
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Water: An agricultural balance is maintained for the ca managed for economic benefit, wildlife)
Sustainable Winegrowing Australia	Priority: Valuing Water
UN SDG 15 – Life on Land	Protect, restore & promote sust combat desertification, & halt &
UN SDG 6 – Clean Water & Sanitation	Ensure availability & sustainable

f water

ove water use efficiency in rainfed grain production

on is recorded each season to help make better WHOLE FARM n is used each season to help make better FIELD irrigation decisions, management of storage and distribution systems etc

se water use efficiency

Recognized by the United Nations as a human right, access to nan life and well-being. The amount of water withdrawn and and the quality of its discharges can have impacts on ecosystems

ustainable water resources; P.2: Responsible and efficient use of oduction per unit of water; P.3: Objective measures guide more

ve & protect water resources

ntenance of Soil & Water, Indicator 4.3 Water

ock production operations shall maintain or enhance the quality and water resources, and respect prior formal or customary water

I use do not hinder the functioning of natural water cycles, activities lution that would impair the health of humans, plants and animal

e Management

Il sector that ensures water resources are optimally managed; water catchment, water runoff and pollution is minimised, water is , and equitable access to water is assured for all users (human and

tainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, & reverse land degradation & halt biodiversity loss

e management of water & sanitation for all



AASF – P7. Finite resources are safeguarded in circular economic systems

AASF criteria for this principle:

C13. The use of inputs and resources that cannot be reused or recycled is minimised

C14. Renewable sources of inputs are prioritised

C15. Residues, by-products and waste are reused or recycled

AgCarE	Waste Management
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 7.1 Minimise Waste
Cotton MyBMP	Energy & Input Efficiency: Monit
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 4, Goal 11: Reduce
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.8 Waste: This topic cov human consumption as food
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	R.14: Energy is used efficiently, Packaging is minimised, recycla farm waste and input supply pa
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.2.6: Energy Efficienc Principle 5.2.7: Waste - Promote
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Issue: Prevention of pollution &
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 11: Use of Technology, biomaterial feedstock production social and environmental perform people
SAFA (FAO)	E5: Damage to ecosystems and material extraction, non-renews economical and efficient use, c
Sustainable Winegrowing Australia	Priority: Zero Waste / Priority: E
UN SDG 12 –Responsible consumption & production	Ensure sustainable consumptio
UN SDG 6.3 - Clean Water & Sanitation	Improve water quality by halvin increasing recycling and safe re
UN SDG 7 – Affordable & Clean Energy	Access to affordable, reliable, s

MATERIALS & RESOURCES

return to framework

e; Soil waste to landfill from processing

toring farm energy usage

Waste

vers impacts from waste, including products originally intended for

with an increased proportion from renewable sources; W.3: able, compostable or reuseable; W.4: Reduce, reuse or recycle onackaging

y - Promote efficient use of energy resources e responsible management of waste

sustainable resource use

, Inputs & Management of Waste - The use of technologies in on operations shall seek to maximize production efficiency and rmance, and minimize the risk of damages to the environment and

I contribution to resource scarcity resulting from non-renewable able energy use and waste disposal are minimised through consequent reuse and recycling/recovery and safe disposal

Inergy

on & production patterns

g the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially use globally

ustainable & modern energy for all



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government

THEME	CATEGORY	PRINCIPLE	
80	Human Health, Safety & Wellbeing Livelihoods	P8. Agricultural outputs are safe and beneficial	C16. Food and fibre is produced, pac
162.3			C17. Food produced by the industry
>			C18. Producers practice good antimi
È		P9. Safe working environments are provided for employees	C19. Occupational health and safety
D D			C20. Labour rights are respected and
Σ			C21. Physical health and mental well
0	Livelihoods	P10. Fair access to a decent livelihood is provided within the industry	C22. Profitability and competitivenes
ସ ସ	Livetinoous		C23. Participants are provided both a
	Rights, Equity & Diversity	P11. Discrimination is not tolerated in an inclusive industry	C24. Human rights are unequivocally
IMALS			C25. Workplace diversity is valued an
PEOPLE, ANIM	Animal Wellbeing	P12. Farmed animals are given the best care for whole of life	C26. Best practice on-farm husband
			C27. Safe transportation of animals
			C28. Humane end of life for farmed
	Social Contribution	P13. Society benefits from the agricultural industry's positive contribution	C29. Industry contributes to local co
			C30. Indigenous culture is recognise
			C31. Community trust in the industry



* return to framework

CRITERIA

- ackaged and distributed to world-leading standards of safety
- is healthy and nutritional
- icrobial stewardship
- y are upheld in the working environment
- nd compliance with relevant legislation is demonstrated
- ellbeing are valued and actively supported
- ess are encouraged
- a living wage and a rewarding, enriching work environment
- ly respected
- and actively supported
- dry is demonstrated
- is demonstrated
- animals is ensured
- community economic growth and social capital
- ed, respected, valued and actively supported
- ry is upheld



Australian Government



AASF – P8. Agricultural outputs are safe and beneficial

AASF criteria for this principle:

C16. Food and fibre is produced, packaged and distributed to world-leading standards of safety

C17. Food produced by the industry is healthy and nutritional

C18. Producers practice good antimicrobial stewardship

Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 4.2 "Product Integ
Cotton MyBMP	Fibre Quality: Uncontaminated to ensure clean white cotton, preserve the high fibre quality
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Goal 5: "All dairy products and
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.10 Food Safety: This t and ensure safety of food, inc codes
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	N.3: Australian-grown horticul
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Issue: protecting consumers' h
SAFA (FAO)	S5: The work environment is s needs, such as clean water, fo
Sheep Sustainability Framework	9.2: Market Access - Guarante
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Health & Safety: An a farm workers and their familie
Sustainable Winegrowing Australia	Priority: Landcare & biodiversit
UN SDG 3 – Good Health & Wellbeing	Ensure healthy lives & promote

HUMAN HEALTH, SAFETY & WELLBEING

grity" & 8.2 "Food Safety"

l cotton is delivered to the gin, Practices prepare the crop for harvest Practices were implemented for planting and during crop growth to of Australian varieties

ingredients sold are safe"

copic addresses an organization's efforts to prevent contamination luding through adherence to food safety regulations and voluntary

tural produce is trusted as safe and traceable

nealth & safety

afe, hygienic and healthy and caters to the satisfaction of human ood, accommodation and sanitary installations

e product integrity and safety

agricultural sector that supports the health and safety of farmers, es, and nearby communities

,

e wellbeing for all ages

return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P9. Safe working environments are provided for employees

AASF criteria for this principle:

C19. Occupational health and safety are upheld in the working environment

C20. Labour rights are respected and compliance with relevant legislation is demonstrated

C21. Physical health and mental wellbeing are valued and actively supported

return to framework

AgCarE	Workplace health and safety
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 9: "Build Workplace people in the industry"
Cotton MyBMP	WHS & HR: Contractors are man shown, A safe working environm
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 1, Goal 3: "Provide productive & rewarding work env
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.19 Occupational health and safety
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	P.4: Provide ethical, fair and safe employment and duty of care ob procurement that mitigate risks
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.3.1: Rights - Respect
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Issue: Labour Standards
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 4: Biomaterial feedstoc rights andshall promote decent
SAFA (FAO)	S5: The work environment is saf needs, such as clean water, food
Sheep Sustainability Framework	5.1: Health and safety - Improve
Smartcane BMP	Module 7 – Workplace health & s
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Health & Safety: An ag farm workers and their families,
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Working & Living Condi respected, by providing a pleasa child labour, any type of discrim compensated and managed
Sustainable Winegrowing Australia	Priority: People & Business
UN SDG 3 – Good Health & Wellbeing	Ensure healthy lives & promote v

HUMAN HEALTH, SAFETY & WELLBEING

e Capacity" & Priority Area 10: "Ensure health, safety & wellbeing of

naged appropriately, A commitment to work health and safety is nent is provided

e a safe work environment for all dairy workers". Goal 4: "Provide a nvironment for all dairy workers"

and safety: This topic covers impacts related to workers' health

e work conditions. Creating a culture of pro-actively meeting bligations and standards of sustainable, ethical employment and s of modern slavery; P.6: Zero Harm

human rights. Principle 5.3.2: Labour Rights - Respect labour rights

ck production operations shall not violate human rights or labour work and the well-being of workers

fe, hygienic and healthy and caters to the satisfaction of human od, accommodation and sanitary installations

e industry safety culture

safety

gricultural sector that supports the health and safety of farmers, s, and nearby communities

ditions: An agricultural sector that ensures human rights are ant working environment, free from forced or the worst forms of nination and disciplinary practices, work is appropriately

wellbeing for all ages



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P10. Fair access to a decent livelihood is provided within the industry

AASF criteria for this principle:

C22. Profitability and competitiveness are encouraged

C23. Participants are provided both a living wage and a rewarding, enriching work environment

AgCarE	Labour Conditions
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 3: "Enhance profita
Cotton MyBMP	WHS & HR: Wages and Conditior the Fair Work Act 2009 (Cth)
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 1, Goal 1: "Increase
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.16 Forced or compulsor practices; Topic 13.21 Living inco
Montreal Process	Criterion 6, Maintenance & Enha 6.3:Employment & Community N
SAFA (FAO)	S1: The enterprise provides asse of all personnel and the local co
Sheep Sustainability Framework	6.1: Capacity building - support
Smartcane BMP	Module 5 – Farm Business Mana
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Livelihoods: An agricultural sect economy, by providing a living w financial investment options for
Sustainable Winegrowing Australia	Priority: People & Business
UN SDG 1 – No Poverty	Promote sustained, inclusive & s
UN SDG 8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth	Promote sustained, inclusive and and decent work for all

LIVELIHOODS

ability & productivity." Priority Area 9: "Build workplace capacity"

ns - conditions and employee entitlements are in accordance with

e the competitiveness & profitability of the dairy industry"

ry labour; Topic 13.17 Child labour; Topic 13.20 Employment ome and living wage

ancement of Long-term Multiple Socio-economic Benefits, Indicator Needs

ets, capabilities and activities that increase the livelihood security ommunity in which it operates

and grow workforce

agement

tor that ensures farm livelihoods support a thriving agricultural wage to workers and ensuring availability of living income and r farmers

sustainable economic growth, full & productive

Ind sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment

return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P11. Discrimination is not tolerated in an inclusive industry

AASF criteria for this principle:

C24. Human rights are respected unequivocally

C25. Workplace diversity is valued and actively supported

Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority Area 9.2: "Diversity in t
Australian Certified Organic	4.6.13 Operators shall provide t and shall not act in a discrimin
Behind Australian Grain	Priority Area: Capacity & Leade
Cotton MyBMP	WHS & HR: Workplace rights –
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.14 Rights of Indigenou peoples; Topic 13.15 Non-discri discrimination and an organisa
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.3.2: Labour Rights -
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Human Rights, Discrimination &
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 4: Biomaterial feedstoring rights and shall promote decer
SAFA (FAO)	S4: The enterprise pursues a s [.] vulnerable groups
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Working & Living Conditions: "A providing a pleasant working e type of discrimination and disc and access to suitable sanitary farmers, farm workers and the
UN SDG 4 – Quality Education	Ensure inclusive and equitable
UN SDG 5 – Gender Equality	Achieve gender equality and er

RIGHTS, EQUITY & DIVERSITY

he workforce"

their employees and contractors equal opportunity and treatment natory way

ership

a process is in place to ensure the fair treatment of employees

is people: This topic covers impacts on the rights of Indigenous imination and equal opportunity: This topic covers impacts from ition's practices related to equal opportunity

Respect labour rights (Criteria 5.3.2.4 - Working Conditions)

& Vulnerable Groups

ock production operations shall not violate human rights or labour nt work and the well-being of workers

strict equity and non-discrimination policy and pro-actively supports

An agricultural sector that ensures human rights are respected, by environment, free from forced or the worst forms of child labour, any ciplinary practices, work is appropriately compensated and managed, y, housing and transportation infrastructures and services for eir families"

quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

mpower all women and girls

return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P12. Farmed animals are given the best care for whole of life

AASF criteria for this principle:

C26. Best practice on-farm husbandry is demonstrated

C27. Safe transportation of animals is demonstrated

C28. Humane end of life for farmed animals is ensured

AgCarE	Beef Modules incl. animal husba
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Goal 5: "All dairy products and i
Australian Certified Organic	5.1.1 All practical measures shall priority of the certified operation
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 3, Goal 7: "Provide
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.11 Animal Health & Welf impacts on health and preventir
SAFA (FAO)	E6: Animals are kept in such con from hunger, thirst, discomfort,
Sheep Sustainability Framework	1.2: Animal case and handling - Prevent and manage disease
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Animal Welfare: A sec [.] Freedoms and promotes animal

ANIMAL WELLBEING

andry and management; breeding

ingredients sold are safe"

ll be maintained to ensure livestock health and welfare remains a on ... as part of a welfare and health management program

e best care for all animals for whole of life"

lfare: Animal health management focuses on controlling potential ing disease

onditions that they can express their natural behaviour and are free, pain, disease and other distress

Implement best practice sheep management; 2.1: Animal health -

tor that ensures welfare of livestock by adhering to the Five l health and natural behaviour

* return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P13. Society benefits from the agricultural industry's positive contribution

AASF criteria for this principle:

C29. Industry contributes to local community economic growth and social capital

C30. Indigenous culture is recognised, respected, valued and actively supported

C31. Community trust in the industry is upheld

AgCarE	Local Community
GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.12 Local Communities rights impacts on local commu that organizations can contribu or medium-sized suppliers, the
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	N.2: Community health and we cut flowers in homes, cities an
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Commitment 3, Goal 7: "Provid
Montreal Process	Criterion 6, Maintenance & Enh Indicator 6.4: Recreation & Tou
SAFA (FAO)	C4: Through production, emploinfrastructure, the enterprise of
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Principle, Communities: An agr by contributing to the local ec- resettlement, fair use of share building trust throughout the v
UN SDG 1 – No Poverty	End poverty in all its forms eve
UN SDG 8 – Decent Work & Economic Growth	Promote sustained, inclusive & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &

SOCIAL CONTRIBUTION

s: This topic covers socioeconomic, cultural, health, and human nunities. Topic 13.22 Economic inclusion: This topic covers ways pute to economic inclusion, which can include supporting small neir productivity and access to markets

ellbeing is improved through increased greenspace, plants and nd towns

de best care for all animals for whole of life"

hancement of Long-term Multiple Socio-economic Benefits, ourism, 6.5 Cultural, Social & Spiritual Needs & Values

loyment, procurement, marketing and investments in contributes to sustainable local value creation

gricultural sector that supports resilient farming communities, conomy, ensuring land conversion does not result in forced ed resources, respecting traditional land use and land rights, value chain and supporting next generation farming

verywhere

& sustainable economic growth, full & productive employment

* return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government

	THEME	CATEGORY	PRINCIPLE	
			C32. Farms have systems in place to biosecurity threats	
		Biosecurity & Resilience	P14. Biosecurity threats are assessed, mitigated and effectively managed in systems of continuous improvement	C33. Industry has systems in place t biosecurity threats
	щ			C34. Government has systems in pla biosecurity threats
	ENG		P15. Resilience is protected and enhanced by assessment, mitigation and management of risks	C35. Government and industry devel risks
	ECONOMIC RESILIENCE			C36. Industry participants develop, i
				C37. Innovation and infrastructure and can be equitably accessed by indust
	<u>ں</u>	Fair Trading	P16. Industry participants behave ethically and lawfully	C38. Compliance with applicable law
	Σ			C39. Fair access to participate equal
	U Z			C40. Zero tolerance for bribery or co
	S		P17. Supply chain accountability ensures a level playing field and the elimination of unconscionable conduct	C41. Product provenance information
	ш			C42. Information asymmetry in the s
				C43. Sustainability accounting is har progress across the industry





CRITERIA

to monitor risk, prevent and mitigate adverse impacts from

to monitor risk, prevent and mitigate adverse impacts from

lace to monitor risk, prevent and mitigate adverse impacts from

elop and extend overarching national scenario planning for industry

implement and regularly review risk management plans

are well-resourced and supported by government and industry, and stry participants

ws and regulations is demonstrated

ally in markets is ensured

corruption is demonstrated

on is readily available via robust traceability

supply chain is eliminated where perverse outcomes are a risk

armonised to ensure fair and just assessments of baselines and

* return to framework



Australian Government



AASF – P14. Biosecurity threats are assessed, mitigated and effectively managed in systems of continuous improvement

AASF criteria for this principle:

C32. Farms have systems in place to monitor risk, prevent and mitigate adverse impacts from biosecurity threats

C33. Industry has systems in place to monitor risk, prevent and mitigate adverse impacts from biosecurity threats

C34. Government has systems in place to monitor risk, prevent and mitigate adverse impacts from biosecurity threats

AgCarE	Planning & management system
Australian Beef Sustainability Framework	Priority 2.2: Minimise Biosecurit covered by a documented biose
Australian Certified Organic	4.5.1 Organic production require under normal circumstances
Cotton MyBMP	Biosecurity: People are made av Manage movement and cleanlin
Dairy Sustainability Framework	Commitment 3, Goal 7: "Provide documented biosecurity plan
Horticulture Sustainability Framework	P.3: Responsible management of manage biosecurity risks from p
ISO26000: Social Responsibility	Issue: Protection of the environ
Montreal Process	Criterion 3, Maintenance of For forests affected by biotic proce reference conditions
Smartcane BMP	Module 3 – Managing weeds, pe
UN SDG 15 – Life on Land	Protect, restore & promote sust combat desertification, and hal

BIOSECURITY & RESILIENCE

ns

ty Risk (indicator: The percentage of Australian cattle properties ecurity plan)

es proactive management of significant diseases, pests and weeds

ware of biosecurity, All crops and farm inputs are monitored, ness of vehicles, machinery and equipment

e best care for all animals for whole of life"- All farmers have a

of pests, weeds, diseases and agricultural inputs; R.15: Proactively pest and disease incursions into regions and Australia

ment, biodiversity & natural habitats

est Ecosystem Health & Vitality, Indicator 3.a: Area & percent of ess & agents (e.g. disease, insects, invasive alien species) beyond

ests and diseases

tainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainable manage forests, lt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss

* return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P15. Resilience is protected and enhanced by assessment, mitigation and management of risks

AASF criteria for this principle:

C35. Government and industry develop and extend overarching national scenario planning for industry risks

C36. Industry participants develop, implement and regularly review risk management plans

C37. Innovation and infrastructure are wellresourced and supported by government and industry, and can be equitably accessed by industry participants

Horticulture Sustainability Framework	P.1: Vibrant, productive, profitabl manages the risks of climate cha natural disasters
ISO13065:2015 Sustainability Criteria for Bioenergy	Principle 5.4.1.2: Financial Risk M financial risk management
Roundtable on Sustainable Biomaterials	Principle 2: Sustainable biomater improved through an open, trans process and an economic viabilit
SAFA (FAO)	C2: The enterprise's production, variability, economic volatility an
Smartcane BMP	Module 5 – Farm Business Manag
UN SDG 9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Build resilient infrastructure, pro innovation

BIOSECURITY & RESILIENCE

ole enterprises; R.11: Australian horticulture understands and nange and extreme weather variability and builds resilience to

Management - The economic operator provides information on

erial operations shall be planned, implemented, and continuously sparent, and consultative impact assessment and management ity analysis

, supply and marketing are resilient in the face of environmental nd social change

agement

omote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster

* return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P16. Industry participants behave ethically and lawfully

AASF criteria for this principle:

C35. Government and industry develop and extend overarching national scenario planning for industry risks

C36. Industry participants develop, implement and regularly review risk management plans

C37. Innovation and infrastructure are wellresourced and supported by government and industry, and can be equitably accessed by industry participants

egal Compliance; Labour Condi ⁻ opic 13.13 Land and Resource R Principle 5.3.3: Respect land use
rinciple 5.3.3: Respect land use
ssue: Fair operating practices: a
Criterion 7, Legal, Institutional, a Management
52: Fair trading practices provide entire process of sustaining a re for primary producers, their fam employment that is fully complia arrangements, labour and social
Aodule 5 – Farm Business Mana
Principle, Legal Compliance: An a understood and complied with, i conventions
Promote peaceful and inclusive s for all and build effective, accou
Cr Ai S2 er or ar Ai Pr

FAIR TRADING

litions

Rights; Topic 13.26 Anti-corruption

e rights. Principle 5.3.4: Respect water use rights

anti-corruption, responsible political involvement, etc

and Economic Framework for Forest Conservation & Sustainable

de suppliers and buyers with prices that reflect the true cost of the egenerative ecological system, including support for right livelihood nilies and employees. S3: The enterprise provides regular iant with national law and international agreements on contractual l security

agement

agricultural sector that ensures legal requirements are well including local, regional, national legislation as well as international

societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice untable and inclusive institutions at all levels

* return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government



AASF – P17. Supply chain accountability ensures a level playing field and the elimination of unconscionable conduct

AASF criteria for this principle:

C41. Product provenance information is readily available (i.e. traceability)

C42. Information asymmetry in the supply chain is eliminated where perverse outcomes are a risk

C43. Sustainability accounting is harmonised to ensure fair and just assessments of baselines and progress across the industry

FAIR TRADING

GRI 13: Agriculture, Aquaculture and Fishing Sectors 2022	Topic 13.23 Supply chain trac
Montreal Process	Criterion 7, Legal, Institutiona Sustainable Management
SAFA (FAO)	S2: Fair trading practices pro of the entire process of susta right livelihood for primary pr provides regular employment agreements on contractual a
Sustainable Agriculture Initiative	Module 5 – Farm Business Ma
UN SDG 10 - Reduced Inequalities	Reduce inequality within & ar
UN SDG 12 - Responsible consumption and production	Ensure sustainable consump

ceability; Topic 13.25 Anti-competitive behaviour

nal, and Economic Framework for Forest Conservation &

ovide suppliers and buyers with prices that reflect the true cost taining a regenerative ecological system, including support for producers, their families and employees. S3: The enterprise at that is fully compliant with national law and international arrangements, labour and social security

lanagement

among countries

otion and production patterns

* return to framework



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework



Australian Government

CONTACT:

Warwick Ragg General Manager NRM National Farmers Federation <u>wragg@nff.org.au</u>

Angela Schuster Project Manager Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework <u>angelas@schusterconsulting.com.au</u>



Australian Agricultural Sustainability Framework





Australian Government